

TITLE XI  
*VOCATIONAL REHABILITATION EDUCATION*

CHAPTER 56  
 VOCATIONAL REHABILITATION SERVICES DIVISION

[Prior to 9/7/88, see Public Instruction Department[670] Ch 35]

DIVISION I  
 SCOPE AND GENERAL PRINCIPLES

**281—56.1(259) Responsibility of division.** The division of vocational rehabilitation services is responsible for providing services leading to employment for eligible Iowans with disabilities in accordance with Iowa Code chapter 259, the federal Rehabilitation Act of 1973 as amended, the federal Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. Section 301, et seq.), and the corresponding federal regulations therefor.

**281—56.2(259) Nondiscrimination.** The division shall not discriminate on the basis of race, creed, color, sex, national origin, religion, duration of residency, or disability in the determination of a person's eligibility for rehabilitation services and in the provision of necessary rehabilitation services.

DIVISION II  
 DEFINITIONS

**281—56.3(259) Definitions.** For the purpose of this chapter, the indicated terms are defined as follows:

“*Act*” means the federal Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended and codified at 29 U.S.C. Section 701, et seq.

“*Aggregate data*” means information about one or more aspects of division clients, or from some specific subgroup of division clients, but from which personally identifiable information on any individual cannot be discerned.

“*Assistive technology device*” means any item, piece of equipment or product system, whether acquired commercially or off the shelf, modified, or customized, that is used to increase, maintain, or improve the functional capabilities of an individual with a disability.

“*Assistive technology service*” means any service that directly assists an individual with a disability in the selection, acquisition, or use of an assistive technology device. Assistive technology services include:

1. Evaluating the needs of an individual with a disability, including a functional evaluation of the individual in the individual's customary environment;
2. Aiding an individual with a disability in purchasing, leasing, or otherwise providing for the acquisition of an assistive technology device;
3. Selecting, designing, fitting, customizing, adapting, applying, maintaining, repairing, or replacing assistive technology devices;
4. Coordinating and using other therapies, interventions, or services with assistive technology devices, such as those associated with existing education and rehabilitation plans and programs;
5. Providing training or technical assistance for an individual with a disability or, if appropriate, the family members, guardians, advocates, or authorized representatives of the individual; and
6. Providing training or technical assistance for professionals (including individuals providing education and rehabilitation services), employers, or others who provide services to, employ, or are otherwise substantially involved in the major life functions of individuals with disabilities, to the extent that training or technical assistance is necessary to the achievement of an employment outcome by an individual with disabilities.

“*Case record*” means the file of personally identifiable information on an individual collected to carry out the purposes of the division as defined in the Act and the Social Security Act. This information remains a part of the case record and is subject to these rules even when temporarily physically removed, either in whole or in part, from the file folder in which it is normally kept.

“*Client*” means an eligible individual receiving benefits or services from any part of the division and shall include former clients of the division whose files or records are retained by the division.

“*Competitive employment*” means work in the competitive labor market that is performed on a full-time or part-time basis in an integrated setting and for which the client is compensated at or above the minimum wage, but not less than the customary wage and level of benefits paid by the employer for the same or similar work performed by individuals who are not disabled.

“*Department*” means the department of education.

“*Designated representative*” means anyone the client designates to represent the client’s interests before and within the division. The term does not necessarily mean a legal representative. The designated representative may be a parent, guardian, friend, attorney, or other designated person.

“*Division*” means the division of vocational rehabilitation services of the department of education.

“*Employment outcome*” means, with respect to an individual, entering or retaining full-time or, if appropriate, part-time competitive employment in the integrated labor market; supported employment; or any other type of employment, including self-employment, telecommuting, or business ownership, that is consistent with an individual’s strengths, resources, priorities, concerns, abilities, capabilities, interests, and informed choice.

“*Home modification*” means the alteration of an already existing living unit to make it usable or more usable by a person with a disability.

“*Impartial hearing officer*” or “*IHO*” means a person who is not an employee of the division; is not a member of the state rehabilitation advisory council; has not been involved previously in the vocational rehabilitation of the applicant or client; has knowledge of the delivery of vocational rehabilitation services, the state plan and the federal and state rules and regulations governing the provision of such services; has received training in the performance of the duties of a hearing officer; and has no personal or financial interest that would be in conflict with the person’s objectivity.

“*Independent living services*” or “*IL services*” means those items and services provided to individuals who have a significant physical, mental, or cognitive impairment and whose ability to function independently in the family or community or whose ability to obtain, maintain, or advance in employment is substantially limited, and for whom the delivery of IL services will improve their ability to function, continue functioning, or move toward functioning independently in the family or community or to continue in employment.

“*Individual plan for employment*” or “*IPE*” means a plan that specifies the services needed by an eligible individual and the involvement of other payers and must include the expected employment outcome and the timeline for achievement of the expected employment outcome.

“*Individual with a most significant disability*” means an individual who is seriously limited in three or more functional capacities (mobility, communication, self-care, self-direction, interpersonal skills, work tolerance, or cognitive/motor skills) in terms of an employment outcome.

“*Individual with a significant disability*” means an individual who has a significant physical or mental impairment that seriously limits one or more functional capacities (mobility, communication, self-care, self-direction, interpersonal skills, work tolerance, or cognitive/motor skills) in terms of an employment outcome or who is a recipient of SSD/SSI.

*“Integrated work setting”* means job sites where most of the client’s coworkers are not disabled and the client interacts on a regular basis, in the performance of job duties, with employees who are not disabled; or if the client is part of a distinct work group of only individuals with disabilities, the work group consists of no more than eight individuals; or the client has no coworkers; or if the only coworkers are part of a work group of eight or fewer individuals with disabilities, the client has regular contact with nondisabled individuals, other than the persons providing support service, including members of the general public.

*“Maintenance”* means monetary support provided to a client for expenses, such as food, shelter, and clothing, that are in excess of the normal expenses of the client and that are necessitated by the client’s participation in the program.

*“Mediation”* means the act or process of using an independent third party to act as a mediator, intermediary, or conciliator to assist persons or parties in settling differences or disputes prior to pursuing formal administrative or other legal remedies.

*“Ongoing support services”* means services that are needed to support and maintain individuals with the most significant disabilities in supported employment. Such services shall be specified in the IPE and include, at a minimum, twice-monthly monitoring at the work site to assess employment stability, unless it is determined in the IPE that off-site monitoring is more appropriate.

*“Physical or mental impairment”* means:

1. Any physiological disorder or condition, cosmetic disfigurement, or anatomical loss affecting one or more of the following body systems: neurological, musculoskeletal, special sense organs, respiratory (including speech organs), cardiovascular, reproductive, digestive, genitourinary, hemic and lymphatic, skin, or endocrine; or
2. Any mental or psychological disorder such as mental retardation, organic brain syndrome, emotional or mental illness, or specific learning disabilities.

*“Physical or mental restoration services”* means:

1. Corrective surgery or therapeutic treatment that is likely, within a reasonable period of time, to correct or modify substantially a stable or slowly progressive physical or mental impairment that constitutes a substantial impediment to employment;
2. Diagnosis of and treatment for mental or emotional disorders by qualified personnel in accordance with state licensure laws;
3. Dentistry;
4. Nursing services;
5. Necessary hospitalization (either inpatient or outpatient) in connection with surgery or treatment and clinical services;
6. Drugs and supplies;
7. Prosthetic and orthotic devices;
8. Eyeglasses and visual services, including visual training, and the examination and services necessary for the prescription and provision of eyeglasses, contact lenses, microscopic lenses, telescopic lenses, and other special visual aids prescribed by personnel that are qualified in accordance with state licensure laws;
9. Podiatry;
10. Physical therapy;
11. Occupational therapy;
12. Speech and hearing therapy;
13. Mental health services;
14. Treatment of either acute or chronic medical complications and emergencies that are associated with or arise out of the provision of physical and mental restoration services or that are inherent in the condition under treatment;

15. Special services for the treatment of individuals with end-stage renal disease, including transplantation, dialysis, artificial kidneys, and supplies; and

16. Other medical or medically related rehabilitation services.

“*Rehabilitation engineering*” means the systematic application of engineering sciences to design, develop, adapt, test, evaluate, apply, and distribute technological solutions to problems confronted by individuals with disabilities in functional areas, such as mobility, communications, hearing, vision, and cognition, and in activities associated with employment, independent living, education, and integration into the community.

“*Rehabilitation technology*” means the systematic application of technologies, engineering methodologies, or scientific principles to meet the needs of, and address the barriers confronted by, individuals with disabilities in areas that include education, rehabilitation, employment, transportation, independent living, and recreation. The term includes rehabilitation engineering, assistive technology devices, and assistive technology services.

“*Status*” means the existing condition or position of a case. The specific case statuses are as follows:

00-0 Referral (individual has been referred to or personally contacted the division by any means);  
 02-0 Applicant (individual requests services and signs the rights and responsibilities form);  
 04-0 Accepted for services (eligible), but does not meet waiting list categories being served;  
 06-0 Trial work experiences/extended evaluation (individual’s abilities, capabilities, and capacities are explored);

08-0 Closed before acceptance (eligibility criteria cannot be met or case is closed for some other reason);

10-\_\_ Accepted for services (eligible); substatuses are:

10-0 Eligible individuals other than high school students;

10-1 Eligible high school students;

12-0 IPE developed, awaiting start of services;

14-0 Counseling and guidance only (counselor works with client directly to reach goals through counseling and placement);

16-0 Physical and mental restoration (when such services are the most significant services called for on the IPE);

18-\_\_ Training (when training is the most significant service called for on the IPE); substatuses are:

18-1 Training in a workshop/facility;

18-2 On-the-job training;

18-3 Vocational-technical training;

18-4 Academic training;

18-5 Correspondence training;

18-6 Supported employment;

18-7 Other types of training not covered above (including nonsupported employment job coaching);

20-0 Ready for employment (IPE has been completed to extent possible);

22-0 Employed;

24-0 Service interrupted (IPE can no longer be continued for some reason and no new IPE is readily obvious);

26-0 Closed rehabilitated (can only occur from Status 22-0 when client has been employed in the job of closure for a minimum of 90 days);

28-0 Closed after IPE initiated (suitable employment cannot be achieved or employment resulted without benefit of services from the division);

30-0 Closed before IPE initiated (can only occur from either Status 10-\_\_ or 12-0 when a suitable individual plan for employment cannot be developed or achieved or when employment resulted without benefit of services from the division);

32-0 Postemployment services;

33-\_\_ Closed after postemployment services; substatures are:

33-1 Individual is returned to suitable employment or employment is otherwise stabilized;

33-2 Case reopened for comprehensive vocational rehabilitation services;

33-3 Situation has deteriorated to the point that further services would be of no benefit to individual;

38-0 Closed from Status 04-0 (individual does not meet one of the waiting list categories and the individual no longer wants to remain on the waiting list or fails to respond when contacted because individual's name is at top of waiting list).

*"Substantial impediment to employment"* means that a physical or mental impairment (in light of attendant medical, psychological, vocational, educational, communication, and other related factors) hinders an individual from preparing for, entering into, engaging in, or retaining employment consistent with the individual's abilities and capacities.

*"Supported employment"* means:

1. Competitive employment in an integrated setting, or employment in integrated work settings in which individuals are working toward competitive employment, consistent with the strengths, resources, priorities, concerns, abilities, capabilities, interests, and informed choice of the individuals, with ongoing support services for individuals with the most significant disabilities:

- For whom competitive employment has not traditionally occurred or for whom competitive employment has been interrupted or intermittent as a result of a significant disability; and
- Who, because of the nature and severity of their disabilities, need intensive supported employment services from the division and extended services after transition to perform this work; or

2. Transitional employment, as defined herein, for individuals with the most significant disabilities due to mental illness.

*"Supported employment services"* means ongoing support services and other appropriate services needed to support and maintain an individual with a most significant disability in supported employment that are provided by the division:

1. For a period of time not to exceed 18 months unless, under special circumstances, the eligible individual and the rehabilitation counselor jointly agree to extend the time to achieve the employment outcome identified in the IPE; and

2. Following successful case closure, as postemployment services that are unavailable from an extended service provider and that are necessary for the individual to maintain or regain the job placement or to advance in employment.

*"Transitional employment,"* as used in the definition of supported employment, means a series of temporary job placements in competitive work in integrated settings with ongoing support services for individuals with the most significant disabilities due to mental illness. In transitional employment, the provision of ongoing support services must include continuing sequential job placements until job permanency is achieved.

*"Transition services"* means a coordinated set of activities provided to a student and designed within an outcome-oriented process that promotes movement from school to postschool activities. Postschool activities include postsecondary education, vocational training, integrated employment (including supported employment), continuing and adult education, adult services, independent living, and community participation. The coordinated set of activities must be based upon the individual student's needs, taking into account the student's preferences and interests, and must include instruction, community experiences, the development of employment and other postschool adult living objectives, and, if appropriate, acquisition of daily living skills and functional vocational evaluation. Transition services must promote or facilitate the achievement of the employment outcome identified in the student's IPE.

“*Trial work experiences*” means an exploration of the individual’s abilities, capabilities, and capacity to perform in realistic work situations in an integrated work setting in order to determine whether there is clear and convincing evidence that the individual is too severely disabled to benefit from the division’s services.

DIVISION III  
ELIGIBILITY

**281—56.4(259) Individuals who are recipients of SSD/SSI.** Recipients of social security disability payments or supplemental security income payments are automatically eligible for vocational rehabilitation services.

**281—56.5(259) Eligibility for vocational rehabilitation services.** Eligibility for vocational rehabilitation services shall be determined upon the basis of the following:

**56.5(1)** A determination by qualified personnel that the applicant has a physical or mental disability;

**56.5(2)** A determination by qualified personnel that the applicant’s physical or mental impairment constitutes or results in a substantial impediment to employment for the applicant;

**56.5(3)** A determination by a qualified vocational rehabilitation counselor that the applicant requires vocational rehabilitation services to prepare for, secure, retain, or regain employment consistent with the applicant’s unique strengths, resources, priorities, concerns, abilities, capabilities, interests, and informed choice.

A presumption exists that the applicant can benefit, in terms of an employment outcome, from the provision of vocational rehabilitation services. This presumption may be overcome by the division if, based on clear and convincing evidence, the division determines that the applicant is incapable of benefiting, in terms of an employment outcome, from vocational rehabilitation services due to the severity of the applicant’s disability.

**281—56.6(259) Eligibility for specific services.** Financial need must be established prior to provision of certain services at the division’s expense. Applicants are eligible for physical restoration, occupational licenses, customary occupational tools and equipment, training materials, maintenance and transportation (except transportation for diagnosis, guidance or placement) only on the basis of financial need and when services are not otherwise immediately available. The following criteria are established for determination of eligibility of clients for the following services:

**56.6(1) Physical restoration.**

- a. The service is necessary for the client’s satisfactory occupational adjustment.
- b. The condition causing disability is relatively stable or slowly progressive.
- c. The condition is of a nature that treatment may be expected to remove, arrest, or substantially reduce the disability within a reasonable length of time.
- d. The prognosis for life and employability are favorable.

**56.6(2) Training and training materials.**

- a. The training and books and supplies are necessary for the client’s satisfactory occupational adjustment.
- b. The client has the mental and physical capacity to acquire a skill that the client can perform in an occupation commensurate with the client’s abilities and limitations.
- c. The client is not otherwise precluded by law from employment in the client’s field of training.

**56.6(3) Occupational licenses and occupational tools and equipment.** The division may pay for occupational licenses and customary occupational tools and equipment when necessary for the client's entrance into, and successful performance in, a selected occupation.

**56.6(4) Transportation.** A client may be provided transportation in connection with securing medical or psychological examinations, physical restoration, training or placement, if such transportation is part of the client's IPE. A companion may be provided transportation at the division's expense if the client cannot travel alone.

**56.6(5) Maintenance.** A client is eligible for maintenance when it is necessary to the client's vocational rehabilitation.

**281—56.7(259) Areas in which exceptions shall not be granted.** Pursuant to federal law, an exception shall not be granted for any of the following requirements:

1. The eligibility requirements in rule 281—56.5(259) (i.e., presence of disability, substantial impediment to employment, need for vocational rehabilitation services).
2. The required use of trial work experiences prior to closure in Status 08-0 due to severity of disability.
3. The required contents of the IPE.
4. Identification of a long-term follow-up provider in supported employment cases.
5. Being in employment and in Status 22-0 for 90 days prior to Status 26-0 closure.
6. Status progression, restrictions, and time frames, such as the federal requirement that eligibility be determined within 60 days of an individual's application for services unless the individual has agreed to an extension.
7. Services may be provided only to individuals who are not on a waiting list, except for assessments which will help the division appropriately determine on which waiting list an individual belongs.

**281—56.8(259) Waiting list.** As required by the Act and 34 CFR 361.36, if the division cannot serve all eligible individuals who apply, the division shall develop and maintain a waiting list for services based on significance of disability. The three categories of waiting lists are as follows, listed in order of priority to be served:

1. Individuals with most significant disabilities;
2. Individuals with significant disabilities; and
3. Other individuals.

An individual's order of selection is determined by the waiting list and the date on which the individual was deemed eligible for services from the division. All waiting lists are statewide in scope; no regional lists are to be maintained.

Assessment of the significance of an applicant's disability is done during the process of determining eligibility but may continue after the individual has been placed on a waiting list.

**281—56.9(259) Individuals who are blind.** Pursuant to 111—10.4(216B), individuals who meet the department for the blind's definition of "blind" are to be served primarily by the department for the blind.

**281—56.10(259) Students in high school.** The division may serve students in high school without regard to their grade level or age. If an applicant is in high school and is determined to be eligible for vocational rehabilitation services, such services may begin before the student exits the secondary school system. The services shall not supplant services for which the secondary school is responsible.

When the division determines that a student is eligible for services, the student's place on the waiting list under rule 281—56.8(259) shall be determined. If the waiting list category appropriate for the student is a category currently being served, the student's case shall be moved to Status 10-1. Otherwise the case is placed in Status 04-0, and the student's name is added to the waiting list for that category, based on the student's date of eligibility. An IPE may be written for a student in Status 10-1 at any time the student's vocational goal and the services necessary to reach that goal have been agreed upon by the student and the student's division counselor. The IPE must be in place when the student exits the secondary school system, unless the student has agreed to an extension or is on a waiting list.

The counselor assigned by the division to work with the student may participate in the student's individualized education program meetings, even if the student is on the waiting list for services. Once a student is removed from the waiting list, the counselor may also provide vocational counseling and planning for the student and coordinate services with transition planning teams. When such services do not supplant services for which the secondary school is responsible, the division may begin to provide services specifically related to employment, such as supported employment, selective placement, or job coaching services, as early as the beginning of the student's final year of secondary school.

**281—56.11(259) Establishment of financial need.** The division establishes the client's financial need prior to providing physical restoration, including prostheses; transportation (for other than diagnostic, guidance or placement purposes); maintenance; and occupational licenses, tools and equipment. Recipients of SSD/SSI are not subject to a financial needs test for any services.

In determining financial need, the clients or, in the case of minors, the minors' parents or guardians are required to make a specific declaration regarding all family income from any source that may be applied toward the cost of rehabilitation services, except those of diagnosis, counseling, training and placement, which are provided without regard to financial need. The income should be available to the client; that is, actually on hand, free from prior obligations and ready when needed.

The division shall observe the following policies in making a determination of financial need based upon the findings:

**56.11(1)** All services requiring the determination of financial need are provided on the basis of supplementing the resources of the client or of those responsible for the client.

**56.11(2)** A supervisor may grant an exception in cases where the applicant's disability caused or is directly related to financial need and where all other sources of money have been exhausted by the applicant or the parents or guardians of a minor applicant.

**56.11(3)** Consideration shall be given to the client's responsibility for the maintenance of the client's dependents, and the client shall be expected to reserve sufficient funds to meet the client's family obligations and to provide for the family's future care, education and medical expenses.

**56.11(4)** Consideration shall also be given to factors such as prior obligations as well as to the desirability of conserving the client's own resources for future rehabilitation purposes, such as becoming established in business or providing a business automobile required for transportation or employment.

**56.11(5)** Income up to a reasonable amount should be considered from the standpoint of its conservation and its maximum utilization to the long-term interest of the client. Small casual earnings and unpredictable gifts of indeterminate value should not be counted as resources.

**56.11(6)** Financial aid from public assistance is disregarded as a resource.

DIVISION IV  
CASE MANAGEMENT

**281—56.12(259) Case finding and intake.** The division seeks to locate all disabled individuals of employable age who may be eligible for vocational rehabilitation services. To that end, referrals are accepted from all sources, and the division has established working relationships with public and private agencies in the areas of health, welfare, compensation, education, employment, and other related services. All new cases, whether referred to a local worker or to the division, are checked for previous information and are acknowledged promptly by letter or a personal call.

**281—56.13(259) Case diagnosis.** The case diagnosis constitutes a comprehensive study of the client, including medical as well as a vocational diagnosis of the individual. Each case diagnosis is based on pertinent information, including the individual's health and physical status, intelligence, educational background and achievements, vocational aptitudes and interests, employment experience and opportunities, and personal and social adjustments.

**56.13(1) Medical diagnosis.**

*a.* As a basis for determination of eligibility and formulation of the individual's rehabilitation plan, the division secures competent medical diagnosis. When necessary, the diagnosis is, if at all practicable, secured from recognized specialists in specific fields indicated by the general medical diagnosis. Whenever possible the diagnosis is accompanied by recommendations as to the means and methods of restoration and by a statement of any physical or mental limitations that may exist.

*b.* The division accepts a medical report in lieu of securing a new examination when the report can be relied upon to provide a sound basis for diagnosis of the physical or mental condition of the individual and is from one of the following providers:

- (1) A licensed physician or surgeon;
- (2) A licensed osteopathic physician or surgeon;
- (3) A licensed doctor of chiropractic;
- (4) A licensed psychologist;
- (5) A licensed physician assistant;
- (6) A licensed advanced registered nurse practitioner;
- (7) A native healing practitioner recognized as such by an Indian tribe when services are being provided to American Indians with disabilities and the native healing practitioner services are necessary to achieve the individual's vocational rehabilitation objective;
- (8) A licensed dentist;
- (9) A licensed ophthalmologist;
- (10) A licensed audiologist;
- (11) A licensed independent social worker (LISW);
- (12) A licensed mental health counselor; or
- (13) A certified school psychologist.

**56.13(2) Vocational diagnosis.** The methods of the vocational diagnosis include counseling interviews with the client; reports as may be needed, including when necessary in the individual case, reports from schools, employers, social agencies, and others; and psychological information.

**56.13(3) Recording case data.** The division maintains a record for each case. The case record contains pertinent case information including, as a minimum, the basis for determination of eligibility, the basis justifying the plan of services and the reason for closing the case together with a justification of the closure. A case record may not be destroyed until three years after the case has been closed.

**281—56.14(259) Individual plan for employment (IPE).**

**56.14(1) Content.** The IPE contains the client's expected employment goal, the specific vocational rehabilitation services needed to reach that goal, the entity or entities that will provide those services, and the methods available for procuring the services.

**56.14(2) Client's participation and approval.** The IPE is formulated with the client's participation and approval and provides for all rehabilitation services that are recognized to be necessary to fully accomplish the client's vocational rehabilitation whether or not services are at the expense of the division.

**56.14(3) Conditions for development of the IPE.** The basic conditions to be considered during the development of the IPE are:

*a.* The belief of the division that when concluded the IPE shall satisfactorily aid in the individual's achievement of vocational rehabilitation; and

*b.* That all services are to be carried to completion provided, however, that the division exercises its discretion in relation to the termination or revision of the individual's IPE when, for any reason, it becomes evident that the IPE cannot be completed or when the financial condition of the individual or the division makes termination necessary.

**56.14(4) Cooperation by the client.** The division requires good conduct, regular attendance and cooperation of all individuals engaged in rehabilitation training. The division makes the following provisions for ensuring trainee cooperation: instruction, verbally or by pamphlet, emphasizing the importance of these factors to the success of the IPE; at the beginning of the program, advising each trainee about what is expected of the trainee and that services shall continue only if the trainee's progress, attitude and conduct are satisfactory; requiring periodic progress, grade and attendance reports from the training agency; promptly calling the trainee's attention to evidence of unsatisfactory progress or attendance before such conditions become serious; providing encouragement to the trainee to promote good work habits, with due commendation for effective effort; and maintaining good relationships with the training agency.

DIVISION V  
SERVICES

**281—56.15(259) Scope of services.** All necessary vocational rehabilitation services, including counseling, physical restoration, training, and placement, are made available to eligible individuals to the extent necessary to achieve their vocational rehabilitation. The division cooperates with federal and other state agencies providing vocational rehabilitation or similar services, and written agreements providing for interagency cooperation may be entered into as required by the Act at the discretion of the division. In selected instances, the division assumes responsibility for providing short periods of medical care for acute conditions arising in the course of the client's rehabilitation, which if not cared for would constitute a hazard to the achievement of the rehabilitation objective because of the client's limited funds and the unavailability of free medical services.

**281—56.16(259) Training.**

**56.16(1) Duration of training.** Rehabilitation training is provided according to the actual needs of the individual. It is designed to achieve the specific employment outcome that is selected by the individual consistent with the individual's unique strengths, resources, priorities, concerns, abilities, capabilities, interests, and informed choice.

**56.16(2) Types of training.** The types of training programs available are as follows:

*a.* Postsecondary training, which is training in the arts and sciences for which postsecondary credit is given and which is generally considered to be applicable toward an associate's degree, bachelor's degree, or advanced degree.

*b.* Vocational training, which includes any organized form of instruction that provides the knowledge and skills essential for performing in a vocational-technical area. Such knowledge and skills may be acquired through training in an institution, on the job, by correspondence, by tutors, or through a combination of any or all of these methods.

*c.* Prevocational training, which includes any form of basic training given for the acquisition of background knowledge or skills prerequisite or preparatory to vocational training or to employment where the primary occupational knowledge and skills are learned on the job.

*d.* Work adjustment training, which includes any training given for any one or a combination of the following reasons:

(1) To assist individuals with disabilities, if needed, to acquire personal habits, attitudes and skills that will enable them to function effectively.

(2) To develop or increase work tolerance prior to engaging in prevocational or vocational training, or in employment.

(3) To develop work habits and to orient the individual to the world of work.

(4) To provide skills or techniques for the specific purpose of enabling the individual to compensate for the loss of the use of a member of the body or the loss of a functional capacity.

*e.* Job coaching, which includes, but is not limited to, intensive on-the-job training necessary to teach an employee both the job duties and job-related responsibilities.

*f.* Supported employment, which means competitive work in an integrated work setting with ongoing support services for individuals with the most significant disabilities for whom competitive employment has not traditionally occurred or has been interrupted or intermittent as a result of significant disabilities. Supported employment also includes transitional employment for individuals with chronic mental illness. Supported employment is limited to a period of 18 months unless a longer period is established in the IPE.

*g.* On-the-job training, which is a plan developed by the client's counselor in cooperation with the client and the employer-trainer whereby the employer-trainer accepts the client for training for a specific job or job family.

**56.16(3)** Scope of training. The division may provide training services as long as those services are part of a client's IPE. Training facilities shall be selected to meet the client's health, disability, and program needs. Training facilities within the state are preferred; those outside Iowa shall not be used unless approved for use by the vocational rehabilitation agency in the state in which the facility is located.

**56.16(4)** Financial assistance for postsecondary training. Calculations of financial assistance for postsecondary training are based on tuition and fee amounts.

*a. Tuition and fee-based general assistance.*

(1) For community colleges, the division shall pay no less than 40 percent and no more than 60 percent of the per-credit-hour fee charged by the community college, with no limit as to the number of credit hours taken by the client.

(2) For all other colleges and universities, public and private, whether in Iowa or outside Iowa, the division shall pay no less than 40 percent and no more than 60 percent of the per-credit-hour fee charged by the college or university, limited to the amount charged by the least expensive Iowa regents institution.

(3) For other training programs that qualify for federal financial aid, the division shall pay no less than 40 percent and no more than 60 percent of the amount charged by the least expensive Iowa regents institution, limited to the full-time rate, prorated as necessary.

(4) For training programs that do not qualify for federal financial aid, the division shall pay no less than 40 percent and no more than 75 percent of the tuition and fees charged to the client.

(5) For continuing education courses, the division shall pay no less than 40 percent and no more than 75 percent of the tuition and fees charged to the client.

(6) For on-line courses, the level of support shall be determined on a case-by-case basis.

*b. Support services for postsecondary training.* Unless approved as an exception by the supervisor, the amounts authorized for the items listed herein cannot exceed the amounts that would otherwise be spent on tuition and fees.

(1) Transportation shall be provided only when and to the extent that the cost is caused by participation in a program of vocational rehabilitation services.

(2) Maintenance shall be provided only to support participation in a program of vocational rehabilitation services when the client has no resources to address basic living expenses.

(3) Books and supplies may be provided in lieu of tuition and fees, but the amount provided therefor shall be no less than 40 percent and no more than 60 percent of the amount based on tuition and fees.

(4) Tutoring shall be provided only for courses that are part of the actual degree requirements and only when this service is not available for free through the school attended by the client. Tutoring for program entrance examinations, such as the SAT, LSAT, or MCAT, is not allowed.

(5) Unless approved as an exception, tools and equipment required for participation in a training program shall be provided in lieu of the tuition and fee amount.

(6) Unless approved as an exception, supplies for a course without which the course cannot be successfully completed shall be provided in lieu of the tuition and fee amount.

(7) Unless approved as an exception, fees for specialized equipment or computer programs needed to learn a subject or to access a course shall be provided in lieu of the tuition and fee amount.

(8) Fees for certification tests that are part of a course shall be paid pursuant to the 40 percent to 60 percent range established as the tuition and fees standard. For certifications and licensure fees that are not part of a course, the division shall use the financial needs assessment form to determine the level of division participation.

**56.16(5)** General guidance regarding postsecondary training is available from the division's case services manual.

**281—56.17(259) Maintenance.** The costs of maintenance shall not exceed the amount of increased expenses that the rehabilitation causes for the client or the client's family. Maintenance is not intended to provide relief from poverty or abject living conditions. A supervisor's written approval is required for amounts exceeding \$100 per week and for extraordinary one-time living expenses in excess of \$75 per day for a client.

**281—56.18(259) Transportation.** When necessary to enable an applicant or a client to participate in or receive the benefits of other vocational rehabilitation services, travel and related expenses, including expenses for training in the use of public transportation vehicles and systems, may be provided by the division. Transportation services may include the use of private or commercial conveyances (such as private automobile or van, public taxi, bus, ambulance, train, or plane) or the use of public transportation and coordination with a regional transit agency.

**281—56.19(259) Rehabilitation technology.**

**56.19(1)** Rehabilitation technology services are available at any point in the rehabilitation process, except to those clients on the waiting list. Such services include, as appropriate, an evaluation of the ability of the individual to benefit from rehabilitation technology services. Areas in which rehabilitation technology services may be of assistance include seating and positioning, augmentative communication, computer access, environmental controls, mobility equipment, and modification of the job site or home.

**56.19(2)** Unless a written exception is approved by a supervisor, the following division contribution limits apply:

- a. The division shall pay for no more than \$2,000 for home modifications.
- b. The division shall not pay anything toward the modification of a second living unit.
- c. There is no limit on the division's contribution toward hearing aids, vehicle modifications and prostheses.

**281—56.20(259) Business initiatives.**

**56.20(1)** *Entrepreneurs with disabilities (EWD) program.* Pursuant to rule 261—56.1(15), the purpose of the EWD program is to provide technical assistance, business development grants (up to \$10,000) and financial assistance grants (up to \$10,000) to qualified Iowans with disabilities. EWD is administered by the Iowa department of economic development in collaboration with the division and the department for the blind. The EWD rules (see 261—Chapter 56) are fully included by reference herein. The following paragraphs supplement 261—Chapter 56:

a. If a client has previously received educational or training equipment from the division through another rehabilitation program and the same equipment could be used in the client's proposed business, the division may limit or deny EWD assistance to the client.

b. If a client no longer uses equipment purchased for the client under this program, the equipment shall be returned to the division.

**56.20(2)** *First step program.* A client who cannot become self-sufficient or who does not for personal reasons, including reasons of personal choice, elect to declare an intent to be self-sufficient as a result of the client's business endeavor may receive limited technical and financial assistance under this program. Unless a written exception is approved by a supervisor, the division shall contribute to a client no more than \$1,000 for technical assistance and no more than \$2,500 for financial assistance. If a client no longer uses equipment purchased for the client under this program, the equipment shall be returned to the division.

**281—56.21(259) Placement.** The division not only prepares individuals with disabilities for jobs and trains them in techniques in securing their own jobs, but also accomplishes the actual placement, directly or indirectly, of all eligible individuals with disabilities who receive rehabilitation services. Placement activities are based upon adequate evaluation and preparation of the client and ordinarily include some combination of the following: evaluation of the client's job readiness; development and execution of a plan for job-seeking activities; instruction in making job applications and in conduct and appearance during interviews; employer contacts; registration with the state workforce development center administration division; job analysis and modification; job coaching; employer or supervisor consultation, advisement and training; selective placement efforts; postplacement follow-up; and relocation costs. Satisfactory employment is the objective of all division services of preparation, and placement services are an important, integral part of the overall vocational rehabilitation program. As such, in addition to the services listed herein, placement services may include the need for transportation and subsistence allowances and the purchase and acquisition of appropriate clothing, tools, equipment, and occupational licenses.

**281—56.22(259) Supported employment and transitional employment.** As defined herein, supported employment is provided to clients with the most significant disabilities for whom competitive employment has not traditionally occurred or has been interrupted or intermittent as a result of significant disabilities. Supported employment also includes transitional employment as defined herein for clients with mental illnesses.

**281—56.23(259) Miscellaneous or auxiliary services.**

**56.23(1) Family member services.** If necessary to enable an applicant or client to achieve an employment outcome as defined in these rules, the division may provide any service to a family member that it is legally able to provide to a client, as long as the purpose of the service is to assess the ability of the client to benefit from a program of vocational rehabilitation, prepare for, enter, and be successful in employment, or participate in a program of independent living services. Excluded are programs designed to prepare a family member to enter employment that will allow the family member to make money to support the applicant or client. A family member is an individual who either (a) is a relative or guardian of an applicant or client or (b) lives in the same household as an applicant or client and has a substantial interest in the well-being of the applicant or client.

**56.23(2) Interpreter and note taker.** If deemed necessary by the division to enable a client to engage in all parts of the vocational rehabilitation or independent living program process, interpreter services or note taker services shall be provided to such client.

Interpreter services are those special communications services provided by persons qualified by training and experience to facilitate communication between division personnel and persons unable to communicate verbally in English. This includes deaf and hard-of-hearing persons who communicate using signs and finger spelling, as well as lip reading, writing, gestures, pictures, and other methods. Persons not fluent in the English language who could benefit from having any part of the vocational rehabilitation process translated into their major language are included. The division shall purchase sign language interpreter services, including transliterating services, from appropriately licensed interpreters only.

Note taker services are services provided to make written notes and summaries of orally presented material. The notes may be made from a live presentation, such as a classroom lecture, or from materials that have been taped.

**56.23(3) Other goods and services.** Other goods and services include anything that is legal and necessary to the completion of the client's IPE or independent living (IL) services plan. Under no circumstances may real estate be purchased or built with division funds. Services designed to decrease the need for future IL services can only be provided directly to IL clients.

**281—56.24(259) Facilities.**

**56.24(1) Types of facilities.** It is the policy of the division to utilize any type of public or private facility that is equipped to render the required services of diagnosis, physical restoration, training, and placement. Facilities include public and private schools; colleges and universities; correspondence schools; agencies for personal adjustment training; business and industrial establishments for employment training; psychometric service agencies; physicians' and dentists' offices; hospitals; sanatoria and clinics; audiometric service centers; rehabilitation centers; the offices of occupational, physical and work therapists or agencies providing these services; convalescent homes; prosthetic appliance dealerships; and other similar facilities that are adequately equipped to contribute to the rehabilitation of individuals with disabilities.

**56.24(2) Standards for facilities providing specialized training or other services.** The division selects its training agencies on the basis of their ability to supply the quality of training desired. The general practice of the division is to utilize the facilities of accredited or approved colleges, universities, and trade and commercial schools for residence and correspondence training.

**56.24(3) Facilities providing on-the-job training.** Facilities selected as locations for employment training must have personnel qualified with respect to personality, knowledge and skills in the technique of instruction, have adequate equipment and instructional materials and be willing to make definite provisions for a plan of graduated progress in the job to be learned according to an efficiently organized and supervised instructional schedule.

**56.24(4) Facilities providing personal adjustment training.** In addition to other standards set for tutorial and on-the-job training, an important basis for selection of facilities for personal adjustment training is a sympathetic understanding of the personal adjustment needs of the individual and their importance to the client's total rehabilitation.

**281—56.25(259) Exceptions to payment for services.** As required by the Act and 34 CFR 361.50(c), the division shall have a method of allowing for exceptions to its rules regarding payment for services.

**56.25(1) Reasons for exceptions.** Major reasons that will be considered in determining if an exception should be granted in favor of an applicant include, but are not limited to, the following:

- a. The need is disability-related.
- b. The applicant has used all sources available, such as applying for and using all available loans in postsecondary training situations.
- c. Family issues, such as dissolution of marriage, loss of income, or estrangement, render resources unavailable.
- d. Academic performance is poor, but could reasonably be expected to return to the required threshold in one semester.

**56.25(2) Prohibitions.** Pursuant to federal law, the division is subject to the following prohibitions:

- a. The fee schedule shall not be designed in a way that effectively denies an individual a necessary service.
- b. An absolute dollar limit on specific service categories or on the total services provided to an individual may not be established.

**56.25(3) Exception process.** A request for an exception shall originate with a counselor, who shall either develop a case note detailing the reason(s) why an exception is believed to be warranted or complete the appropriate form. The case note or form shall be presented to a supervisor for determination. The supervisor's determination shall be documented by the supervisor in a separate case note or in the designated place on the form.

**281—56.26(259) Exceptions to duration of services.** As required by the Act and 34 CFR 361.50(d), the division shall have a method of allowing for exceptions to its rules regarding the duration of services.

**56.26(1) Reasons for exceptions.** Major reasons that will be considered in determining if an exception should be granted in favor of an applicant include, but are not limited to, the following:

- a. The need is disability-related.
- b. Academic performance is poor, but could reasonably be expected to return to or above the required threshold in one semester.

**56.26(2) Prohibitions.** Pursuant to federal law, the division is subject to the following prohibitions:

- a. The time period established for the provision of services shall not be so short as to effectively deny an individual a necessary service.
- b. An absolute time limit on the provision of a specific service or on the total services provided to an individual may not be established. The duration of each service needed by an individual must be determined on an individual basis and reflected in that individual's IPE.

**56.26(3) Exception process.** A request for an exception shall originate with a counselor, who shall either develop a case note detailing the reason(s) why an exception is believed to be warranted or complete the appropriate form. The case note or form shall be presented to a supervisor for determination. The supervisor's determination shall be documented by the supervisor in a separate case note or in the designated place on the form.

**281—56.27(259) Maximum rates of payment to training facilities.** In no case shall the amount paid a training facility exceed the rate published, and in the case of facilities not having published rates, the amount paid the facility shall not exceed the amount paid to the facility by other public agencies for similar services. The division will maintain information necessary to justify the rates of payment made to training facilities.

DIVISION VI  
PURCHASING PRINCIPLES

**281—56.28(259) Purchasing.**

**56.28(1) General purchasing principles.**

a. The division shall purchase only those items/models that allow a client to meet the client's vocational objective. The division shall not pay for additional features that exceed the requirements to meet a client's vocational objective or that serve primarily to enhance the client's personal life.

b. The division shall purchase the most economical item/model that meets the client's vocational needs.

c. The division shall seek out the most economical alternatives to meet the client's vocational needs.

d. The division shall encourage all clients to develop strategies and savings programs to pay for replacement items/models or upgrades.

**56.28(2) Client-specific purchasing principles.** When considering what item/model to purchase for a specific client, the division shall in all cases consider the following factors:

a. Whether the item/model truly is needed for the client to be able to perform the essential functions of the client's job.

b. Whether a more economical item/model is available to permit the client to perform the essential functions of the client's job.

DIVISION VII  
SUPERVISOR REVIEW, MEDIATION, HEARINGS, AND APPEALS

**281—56.29(259) Review process.** At the time of making application for rehabilitation services, and at other times throughout the rehabilitation process, all applicants and clients shall be informed of the right to appeal and the procedures by which to file an appeal. If an applicant or client is dissatisfied with any agency decision that directly affects the applicant or client, the applicant, client, or designated representative may appeal that decision. The term "appellant" shall be used to indicate the applicant, client, or designated representative who initiates an appeal. The appellant initiates the appeal process either by filing the appropriate division appeal form, available from any counselor or supervisor of the division, or by calling a counselor or supervisor. If the appeal process is initiated by telephone, the counselor or supervisor who received the call must complete the appeal form to the best of that person's ability with information from the appellant. An appeal must be filed within 90 days of notification of the disputed decision. Once the appeal form has been filed with the division administrator, a hearing shall be held before an impartial hearing officer (IHO) within the next 60 days unless an extension of time is mutually agreed upon or one of the parties shows good cause for an extension. The appellant may request that the appeal go directly to impartial hearing, but the appellant shall be offered the opportunity for a supervisor review or mediation.

**281—56.30(259) Supervisor review.** As a first step, the appellant shall be advised that a supervisor review of the counselor's decision may be requested by notifying the counselor or supervisor in person, by telephone or by letter of the decision to appeal. If the supervisor has been involved in decisions in the case to the extent that the supervisor cannot render a fair and impartial decision or if the supervisor is not available to complete the review in a timely manner, the appeal and case file shall be forwarded to the assistant bureau chief for review. The appellant is not required to request supervisor review as a prerequisite for appeal before an IHO; however, if a supervisor review is requested, the following steps shall be observed:

**56.30(1)** Upon receipt of a request for supervisor review, the supervisor shall notify all appropriate parties of the date and nature of the appeal; examine case file documentation; discuss the issues and reasons for the decision with the immediate counselor and other counselors who may have been previously involved with the case/issue; and, if necessary, meet with any or all parties to discuss the dispute.

**56.30(2)** The supervisor shall have ten working days from receipt of the request for supervisor review to decide the issue and notify the appellant in writing. A copy of the supervisor's decision shall be sent to all appropriate parties.

**56.30(3)** If the supervisor's decision is adverse to the appellant, the copy of the written decision given to the appellant shall include further appeal procedures, including notification that the appellant has ten days from the date of the letter to file further appeal. Also included shall be notice of the Iowa client assistance program (ICAP), a program within the department of human rights, commission of persons with disabilities. If ICAP determines it appropriate, ICAP provides assistance in the preparation and presentation of the appellant's case.

**56.30(4)** As an alternative to, but not to the exclusion of, filing for further appeal, the appellant may request mediation of the supervisor's decision.

**281—56.31(259) Mediation.** Regardless of whether a supervisor review is requested, an appellant may request resolution of the dispute through the mediation process. Mediation is also available if the appellant is dissatisfied with the supervisor's decision. If mediation is requested by the appellant and agreed to by the division, the following steps shall be observed:

**56.31(1)** Mediation shall be conducted by a qualified and impartial mediator, as defined in 34 CFR 361.5(43), trained in effective mediation techniques and selected randomly by the division from a list maintained by the division.

**56.31(2)** The mediation shall be conducted in a timely manner at a location convenient to the parties.

**56.31(3)** Mediation shall not be used to delay the appellant's right to a hearing.

**56.31(4)** Mediation must be voluntary on the part of the appellant and the division.

**56.31(5)** Mediation is at no cost to the appellant.

**56.31(6)** All discussions and other communications that occur during the mediation process are confidential. Any offers of settlement made by either party during the mediation process are inadmissible if further appeal is sought by the appellant.

**56.31(7)** Existing division services provided to an appellant shall not be suspended, reduced, or terminated pending decision of the mediator, unless so requested by the appellant.

**281—56.32(259) Hearing before impartial hearing officer.** Regardless of whether the appellant has used supervisor review or mediation or both, if the appellant requests a hearing before an IHO, the following provisions apply:

**56.32(1)** The division shall appoint the IHO from the pool of hearing officers with whom the division has contracts. The IHO shall be assigned on a random basis or by agreement between the administrator of the division and the appellant.

**56.32(2)** The hearing shall be held within 20 days of the receipt of the appointment of the IHO. A written decision shall be rendered and given to the parties by the IHO within 30 days after completion of the hearing. Either or both of these time frames may be extended by mutual agreement of the parties or by a showing of good cause by one party.

**56.32(3)** The appellant shall be informed that the filing of an appeal confers consent for the release of the case file information to the IHO. The IHO shall have access to the case file or a copy thereof at any time following acceptance of the appointment to hear the case.

**56.32(4)** Within five working days after appointment, the IHO shall notify both parties in writing of the following:

- a. The role of the IHO;
- b. The IHO's understanding of the reasons for the appeal and the requested resolution;
- c. The date, time, and place for the hearing, which shall be accessible and located as advantageously as possible for both parties but more so for the appellant;
- d. The availability of the case file for review and copying in a vocational rehabilitation office prior to the hearing and how to arrange for the same (see also rule 281—56.29(259));
- e. That the hearing shall be closed to the public unless the appellant specifically requests an open hearing;
- f. That the appellant may present evidence and information personally, may call witnesses, may be represented by counsel or other appropriate advocate at the appellant's expense, and may examine all witnesses and other relevant sources of information and evidence;
- g. The availability to the appellant of the Iowa client assistance program (ICAP) for possible assistance;
- h. Information about the amount of time it will take to complete the hearing process;
- i. The possibility of reimbursement of necessary travel and related expenses; and
- j. The availability of interpreter and reader services for appellants not familiar with the English language and those who are deaf, as well as transportation or attendant services for those appellants requiring such assistance.

**56.32(5)** Existing division services provided to an appellant shall not be suspended, reduced, or terminated pending decision of the IHO, unless so requested by the appellant.

**56.32(6)** The IHO shall provide a full written decision, including the findings of fact and grounds for the decision. Unless either party chooses to seek judicial review pursuant to Iowa Code chapter 17A, the decision of the IHO is final. If judicial review is sought, the IHO's decision shall be implemented pending outcome of the judicial review.

DIVISION VIII  
PUBLIC RECORDS AND FAIR INFORMATION PRACTICES

The following rules are implemented in addition to the department's rules in 281—Chapter 5.

**281—56.33(259) Collection and maintenance of records.** The division has the authority to collect and maintain records on individuals under the Act, the state plan for vocational rehabilitation services, and the Social Security Act. The acceptance of the provisions and benefits of the Rehabilitation Act, under Iowa Code section 259.1, is conditioned on the requirement that the division maintain the confidentiality of personally identifiable information and its release under certain circumstances as provided by applicable federal laws. These laws include, but are not limited to, the following:

1. The Freedom of Information Act (5 U.S.C. 552, added by P.L. 90-23 and amended by P.L. 93-502 and P.L. 94-409).
2. The Privacy Act of 1974 (5 U.S.C. 552a, added by P.L. 93-579).

3. The Drug Abuse Office and Treatment Act (21 U.S.C. 1175, added by P.L. 92-255), as amended by the Comprehensive Alcohol and Alcoholism Prevention, Treatment, and Rehabilitation Act Amendment of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 4582, added by P.L. 93-282).

4. Section 6103 of the Internal Revenue Code (26 U.S.C. 6103) as amended by the Tax Reform Act of 1976 (P.L. 94-455).

5. The Government in the Sunshine Act (P.L. 94-409).

6. The Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA) (20 U.S.C. 1232g, added by P.L. 93-568).

Pursuant to Iowa Code section 259.9, the state of Iowa accepts the social security system rules for the disability determination program of the division. Failure to follow the provisions of the Act can result in the loss of federal funds. The state plan provides that all personally identifiable information is confidential and may be released only with the informed written consent of the client or the client's representative, except as permitted by federal law. Any contrary provision in Iowa Code chapter 22 must be waived in order for the state to receive federal funds, services, and essential information for the administration of vocational rehabilitation services.

**281—56.34(259) Personally identifiable information.** This rule describes the nature and extent of the personally identifiable information collected, maintained, and retrieved by the agency by personal identifier in record systems as defined herein. The record systems maintained by the division include the following:

**56.34(1) *Personnel records.*** These records contain information relating to initial application, job performance and evaluation, reprimands, grievances, notes from and reports of investigations of allegations related to improper employee behavior, and reports of hearings and outcomes of reprimands and grievances. Pursuant to Iowa Code section 22.7(11), some of the information in personnel records may be confidential.

**56.34(2) *Client case records.*** An individual file is maintained for each person who has been referred to or has applied for the services of the division. The file contains a variety of personal information about the client, which is used in the establishment of eligibility and the provision of agency services. All information is personally identifiable and is confidential.

**56.34(3) *Client service record computer database.*** This database contains personal data items about individual clients. Data identifying the client is confidential. Data in the aggregate is not personally identifiable and thus is not confidential.

**56.34(4) *Vendor purchase records.*** These are records of purchases of goods or services made for the benefit of clients. If the record contains the client's name or other personal identifiers, the record is confidential. Lists of nonclient vendors, services purchased, and the costs of those services are not confidential when retrieved from a data processing system without personally identifiable information.

**56.34(5) *Records and transcripts of hearings or client appeals.*** These contain personally identifiable information about a client's case, appeal from or for some action, and the decision that has been rendered. The personally identifiable information is confidential. Some of the information is maintained in an index provided for in Iowa Code subsection 17A.3(1) "d." Information is available after confidential personally identifiable information is deleted.

**56.34(6) *All computer databases of client and applicant names and other identifiers.*** The data processing system contains client status records organized by a variety of personal identifiers. These records are confidential as long as any personally identifiable information is present.

**56.34(7) *All computer-generated reports that contain personally identifiable information.*** The division may choose to draw or generate from a data processing system reports that contain information or an identifier which would allow the identification of an individual client or clients. This material is for internal division use only and is confidential.

**281—56.35(259) Other groups of records routinely available for public inspection.** This rule describes groups of records maintained by the division other than record systems. These records are routinely available to the public, with the exception of parts of the records that contain confidential information. This rule generally describes the nature of the records, the type of information contained therein, and whether the records are confidential in whole or in part.

**56.35(1) Rule making.** Rule-making records, including public comments on proposed rules, are not confidential.

**56.35(2) Council and commission records.** Agendas, minutes, and materials presented to any council or commission required under the Act are available to the public with the exception of those records that are exempt from disclosure under Iowa Code section 21.5. Council and commission records are available from the main office of the division at 510 E. 12th Street, Des Moines, Iowa 50319.

**56.35(3) Publications.** News releases, annual reports, project reports, agency newsletters, and other publications are available from the main office of the division at 510 E. 12th Street, Des Moines, Iowa 50319. Brochures describing various division programs are also available at local offices of the division.

**56.35(4) Statistical reports.** Periodic reports of statistical information on expenditures, numbers and types of case closures, and aggregate data on various client characteristics are compiled as needed for agency administration or as required by the federal funding source and are available to the public.

**56.35(5) Grants.** Records of persons receiving grants from division services are available through the main office of the division. Grant records contain information about grantees and may contain information about employees of a grantee that has been collected pursuant to federal requirements.

**56.35(6) Published materials.** The division uses many legal and technical publications, which may be inspected by the public upon request. Some of these materials may be protected by copyright law.

**56.35(7) Policy manuals.** Manuals containing the policies and procedures for programs administered by the division are available in every office of the division. Subscriptions to all or part of the manuals are available at the cost of production and handling. Requests for subscription information should be addressed to Vocational Rehabilitation Services Division, 510 E. 12th Street, Des Moines, Iowa 50319.

**56.35(8) Operating expense records.** The division maintains records of the expense of operation of the division, including records related to office rent, employee travel expenses, and costs of supplies and postage, all of which are available to the public.

**56.35(9) Training records.** Lists of training programs, the persons approved to attend, and associated costs are maintained in these records, which are available to the public.

**56.35(10) Facility surveys.** Records of division reviews of facilities providing services to the division are maintained and used to determine the current acceptable fee schedule. Information about individuals may be included in these records; therefore, parts of the records may be confidential.

**56.35(11)** All other records that are not exempted from disclosure by law.

DIVISION IX  
STATE REHABILITATION COUNCIL

**281—56.36(259) State rehabilitation council.**

**56.36(1) Composition.** The state rehabilitation council shall be composed of no less than 15 members, appointed by the governor. A majority of the council members must be individuals with disabilities who are not employed by the division. The council members shall include the following:

*a.* At least one representative of the statewide independent living council, one of whom must be the chairperson or chairperson's designee of that council;

*b.* At least one representative of a parent training and information center established pursuant to Section 682(a) of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act;

- c. At least one representative of the client assistance program, one of whom must be the director or the director's designee of that program;
- d. At least one qualified vocational rehabilitation counselor with knowledge of and experience with vocational rehabilitation programs who serves as an ex officio, nonvoting member of the council if employed by the division;
- e. At least one representative of community rehabilitation program service providers;
- f. Four representatives of business, industry, and labor;
- g. Representatives of disability groups that include a cross section of:
  - (1) Individuals with physical, cognitive, sensory, and mental disabilities; and
  - (2) Representatives of individuals with disabilities who have difficulty representing themselves or are unable, due to their disabilities, to represent themselves;
- h. Current or former applicants for, or recipients of, vocational rehabilitation services;
- i. At least one representative of the department's bureau of children, family, and community services;
- j. At least one representative of the Iowa workforce development board; and
- k. The director of the division, who serves as an ex officio, nonvoting member of the council.

**56.36(2) Chairperson.** The chairperson must be selected by the members of the council from among the voting members of the council.

**56.36(3) Terms.** Each member of the council shall be appointed for a term of no more than three years. Each member of the council, other than the representative of the client assistance program, shall serve for no more than two consecutive full terms. The terms of service of the members initially appointed must be for a varied number of years to ensure that terms expire on a staggered basis.

**56.36(4) Vacancies.** The governor shall fill a vacancy in council membership, unless the governor has delegated authority to fill that vacancy to the remaining members of the council.

**56.36(5) Functions.** The council shall perform the following functions:

- a. Review and advise the division regarding the performance of the division's responsibilities under this chapter and the Act;
- b. In partnership with the division, develop, agree to, and review state goals and priorities;
- c. In partnership with the division, evaluate the effectiveness of the vocational rehabilitation program and submit reports of progress to the federal Secretary of Education when required;
- d. Assist in the preparation of the state plan and amendments thereto, applications, reports, needs assessments, and evaluations required by the Act;
- e. To the extent feasible, conduct a review and analysis of the effectiveness of and consumer satisfaction with:
  - (1) The functions performed by the division;
  - (2) The vocational rehabilitation services provided by state agencies and other public and private entities responsible for providing vocational rehabilitation services to individuals with disabilities under the Act; and
  - (3) The employment outcomes achieved by eligible individuals receiving services from the division, including the availability of health and other employment benefits in connection with those employment outcomes;
- f. Prepare and submit to the governor and to the Secretary of Education an annual report on the status of vocational rehabilitation programs operated within the state and make the report available to the public through appropriate modes of communication;
- g. Coordinate activities with the activities of other councils within the state, including the state-wide independent living council, the advisory panel established under Section 612(a)(21) of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, the state developmental disabilities planning council, the state mental health planning and advisory council, and the state workforce development board;

*h.* Provide for the coordination and establishment of working relationships between the division and the statewide independent living council and centers for independent living within the state;

*i.* Prepare a plan for the provision of resources, including staff and other personnel, that may be necessary and sufficient for the council to carry out its functions under this rule; and

*j.* Perform other comparable functions, consistent with the purpose of the Act, as the council determines to be appropriate, that are comparable to the other functions performed by the council.

**56.36(6) Meetings.** The council shall convene at least quarterly in locations open and accessible to the general public, including individuals with disabilities. The council’s meetings are subject to Iowa Code chapter 21, the open meetings law.

Rule 281—56.36(259) is intended to implement 34 CFR 361.16 and 361.17.

These rules are intended to implement Iowa Code chapter 259, the federal Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended, and the federal Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. Section 301, et seq.).

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CHAPTER 57

Reserved